Reduction of Occupational Accidents: Evidence-based Prevention and the Prevention Index (PI_{TOP})

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Objective

 PI_{TOP} is a practical measurement tool which is currently used by the German Social Accident Insurance Institution for the Woodworking and Metalworking Industries to monitor injury prevention activities at workplaces. This 12-item scoring system has 3 subscales, referring to <u>T</u>echnical, <u>O</u>rganisational and <u>P</u>ersonnel aspects (Tab. 1) and has a rating value ranging from 1–9 (Tab. 1). The reliability and validity of this instrument were evaluated in a cross-sectional survey.

Methods

• The inter-rater-reliability was examined by 2 trained supervisors in 128 companies.

Agreement of the double ratings was quantified by interclass correlation coefficient (ICC)

- Content validity was evaluated by quantifying the association between PI_{TOP}-values and 5-years injury rates of 30,000 companies (Poisson regression analysis)
- Construct validity was analyzed by factor analysis (principal component analysis)

Table 1: Pl_{TOP} – a 12-item scoring system

Technics	T1	Appropriate work and protective equipment
	T2	Ergonomic workplaces
	Т3	Safe handling and storage activities
	T4	Minimization of physical, biological und chemical noxas
Organization	O1	Organization is appropriate for work tasks and personnel
	02	Good risk assessment with initiation of appropriate activities
	O3	Employer's attitude towards occupational safety is positive
	04	Company is well prepared for predictable disturbances and emergencies
Personnel	P1	Qualifications of employees match the work tasks
	P2	Everyone knows and accepts its role for occupational safety
	P3	Communication is good
	P4	Employees work safety-conscious









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Results:

- Our analysis demonstrates a good inter-rater-reliability
- Factor analysis identified three component subscales which meet exactly the structural measure theory behind the score.
- The Poisson regression analysis demonstrates a significant association between PI_{TOP}-values and 5-years injury rates.

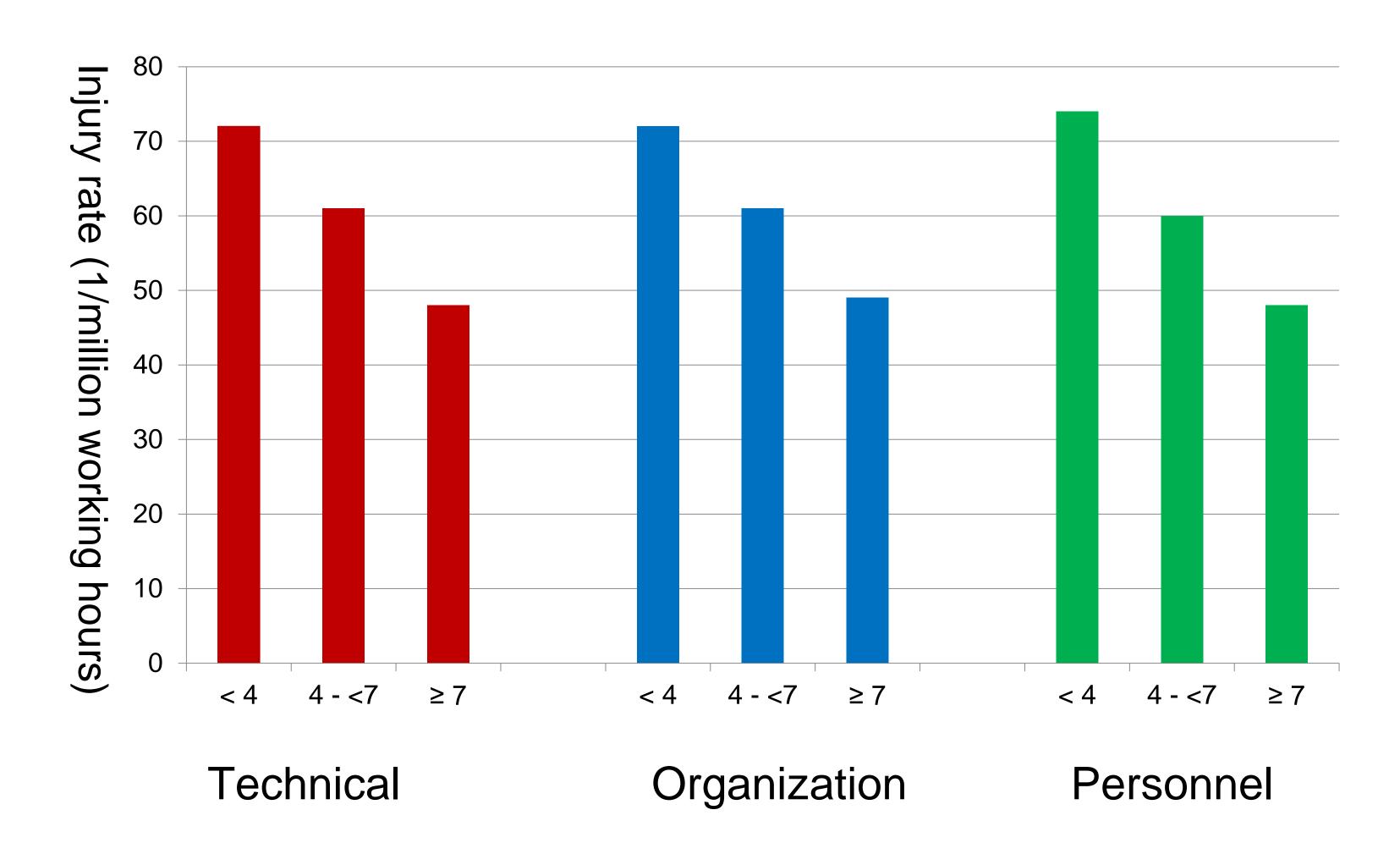
Table 2: Results of inter-rater-reliability assessment

Subscales	Items	Agreement [%]	ICC	
Technics	Appropriate work and protective equipment	76.2	067	
	Ergonomic workplaces	74.6		
	Safe handling and storage activities	81.2	0.67	
	Minimization of physical, biological and chemical noxas	77.9		
Organization	Organization is appropriate for work tasks and personnel	74.6		
	ood risk assessment with initiation of appropriate activities 81.2			
	Employer's attitude towards occupational safety is positive 72.1			
	Company is well prepared for predictable disturbances and emergencies	77.1		
Personnel	Qualifications of employees match the work tasks	78.7		
	Everyone knows and accepts its role for occupational safety	75.4		
	Communication is good	72.1	0.64	
	Employees work safety-conscious	79.5		

Table 3: Results of factor analysis

Items	Factor Loading				
	Factor 1	Factor 2	Factor 3		
T1	0.80	0.39	0.40		
T2	0.82	0.38	0.39		
T3	0.81	0.38	0.39		
T4	0.80	0.40	0.38		
01	0.39	0.80	0.40		
02	0.38	0.80	0.35		
03	0.37	0.78	0.41		
04	0.40	0.79	0.40		
P1	0.41	0.41	0.79		
P2	0.40	0.42	0.78		
P3	0.38	0.39	0.80		
P4	0.43	0.40	0.78		

Figure 1: Association between Pl_{TOP}-values and 5-year average injury rates



Conclusions:

This analysis indicates that PI_{TOP} is a valid and reliable instrument, it will be used to monitor safety conditions at workplaces in a longitudinal practical approach.

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