Preventing manipulations of protective devices at machines

Project information

- Duration: September 2003 October 2005
- Participants: interdisciplinary project team (engineers, psychologists, ergonomists, technical supervisory staff,...)
- Project phases:
 - 1. Analysis of the status quo
 - 2. Development and integration of methods of solution,
 - 3. Publication of the results

Analysis of the reasons for manipulations

- Expert ratings
- **■** Empirical analyses:
 - questionnaires
 - (general part mainly applied by training centres, special part applied by the technical supervisory staff)
 - analyses of accident reports and further documents giving information about security behaviour

Contents of the questionnaire(s)

- General part (n=600; mainly applied by training centres): frequency estimation, general estimation why different machines are manipulated,...
- Special part (n= 300); applied in the factory by the technical supervisory staff when identifying a manipulated machine)
 - description of the machine, description of the manipulation, operating mode, improvements suggested by the operator (operator = expert), ratings concerning the extent

Model of prevention

- Integration of all methods of solution
- Final plan, containing detailed chronological and practice-oriented suggestions
- Creating a model of prevention concerning manipulations

Aims of the project

Prevention of accidents caused by manipulation of protective devices of machines

- Empirical analysis of the frequency and the reasons for manipulative actions at protective devices of machines
- Development of methods of solution (based on specialist backgrounds)
- Integration of all methods of solution and generation of
- a model of prevention (final plan)

First results of the expert ratings

 Structure of reasons (as given in a brainstorming via email)

Headlines:

obstruction by protective devices, organisational reasons (management, organisational culture, information/instruction management), constructive features (machine/protective devices), group processes, operator features (cognition of hazard, ignorance,

Methods of solution

- An interdisciplinary project team develops different solutions based on the specific backgrounds of each team member
- The methods of solution focus on all levels: Man - Technique - Organisation
- Inclusion of the draftsman's and operator's points of view

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